



STAFF REPORT

City Council

Meeting Date:

6/9/2026

Staff Report Number:

26-097-CC

Informational Item:

Police department quarterly update / Q1 January – March 2026

Recommendation

The purpose of this informational item is to provide an update to the public and to the City Council as requested in the City Council discussions in spring and summer 2021. This is an informational item and does not require City Council action.

Policy Issues

In accordance with the City Council informational requests and interest in Menlo Park Police Department (MPPD) activities and use of equipment, this staff report transmits information to the public.

Analysis

The MPPD has updated its quarterly report to remove redundant content, improve clarity, and provide a platform to highlight current events and emerging trends. These changes were guided by community feedback, council input, and a review of our existing reporting practices.

Several sections were streamlined or removed, while the following new topics were added to better reflect the department's current priorities and operational activity.

Beginning in 2026, this information as well as other pertinent community data will be compiled and presented in an attachment consistent with how our quarterly RIPA data has been reported. The refreshed format offers a cleaner presentation and a more accessible overview of key information.

Moving forward, the quarterly report will function as a living document, with content adjusted each quarter to accurately represent the activity and issues of the preceding period. This approach ensures the report remains responsive, relevant, and aligned with the community's needs.

Patrol Services – Traffic Division

Traffic unit goals, responsibilities, and relevant statistics related to collisions and enforcement.

Dispatch Services

Information related to emergency and non-emergency calls for service presented in a comparative for the quarter and prior years.

Community Wellness Crisis Response Team (CWCRT)

Information indicating what steps our Mental Health Crisis Co-Response clinician takes to assess, provide, and connect subjects in crisis with optimal services throughout each reporting period.

Community Engagement

A general overview of outreach activities the department participated in during the reporting quarter.

Leveraging Technology

Insights related to the department use of Flock Safety ALPR technology, AXON in car fleet cameras and body worn cameras.

Crime Reporting

Quarterly metrics of reported crime data utilizing the FBI's standardized collection and reporting system.

Racial and Identity Profiling Act (RIPA)

Collected data required by AB 953, otherwise known as the Racial and Identity Profiling Act (RIPA) for this reporting period. This data includes reasons for the contact, actions taken during a reportable contact including applicable uses of force, and the disposition of the interaction.

Complaints Update

From January through March 2026, MPPD was attached to 8,045 incidents, including calls for police service and proactive patrol activity. Two complaints were documented either from the community or self-initiated by this Department. The department always evaluates and/or investigates each complaint according to policy.

While the number above identifies the total complaints taken within this quarter, complaint investigations take time and may be completed outside of the quarter in which they were generated. During the period of January through March 2026, five complaint reviews were completed. One was withdrawn, two were exonerated, one was unfounded, and one was sustained

Use of Force Update

From January through March 2026, MPPD was attached to 8,045 incidents, including calls for police service and proactive patrol activity. There were zero uses of force that met the threshold for further documentation. Zero events involved the use of a Taser. Each use of force report is presented for review to the Chief and Command Staff, and any training issues are identified and addressed.

Environmental Review

This action is not a project within the meaning of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Sections 15378 and 15061(b)(3) as it will not result in any direct or indirect physical change in the environment.

Public Notice

Public notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting.

Attachments

A. MPPD Quarterly Report Q1 – 2026

Report prepared by:

Meredith Roberts, CWCRT Crisis Response Clinician

Allen Swanson, Sergeant
Tracy Weber, Communications and Records Manager
William Dixon, Police Commander
Dave Norris, Police Chief



MENLO PARK POLICE DEPARTMENT QUARTER 1 2026 REPORT

PUBLIC SAFETY

PATROL SERVICES - TRAFFIC DIVISION

TRAFFIC UNIT

The Traffic Division is dedicated to promoting a safe environment for pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists alike. The Traffic Division accomplishes this by using education and evolving enforcement strategies to ensure the best delivery of services to the community we serve.

GOALS

- Support long-term traffic solutions that address the evolving needs and concerns of our community.
- Adopt data-driven solutions to reduce the severity and frequency of collisions.
- Increase community's understanding and awareness of roadway safety practices through education and community engagement.
- Partner with city, state, and community stakeholders to identify and employ long-term traffic mitigation strategies.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Traffic Division manages the following:

- Traffic complaint enforcement
- School zone enforcement
- Commute traffic enforcement
- Collision reduction enforcement
- Distracted driving enforcement
- DUI enforcement
- Collision investigation
- Dignitary escorts
- Traffic education community presentations



Q1 COLLISION STATISTICS

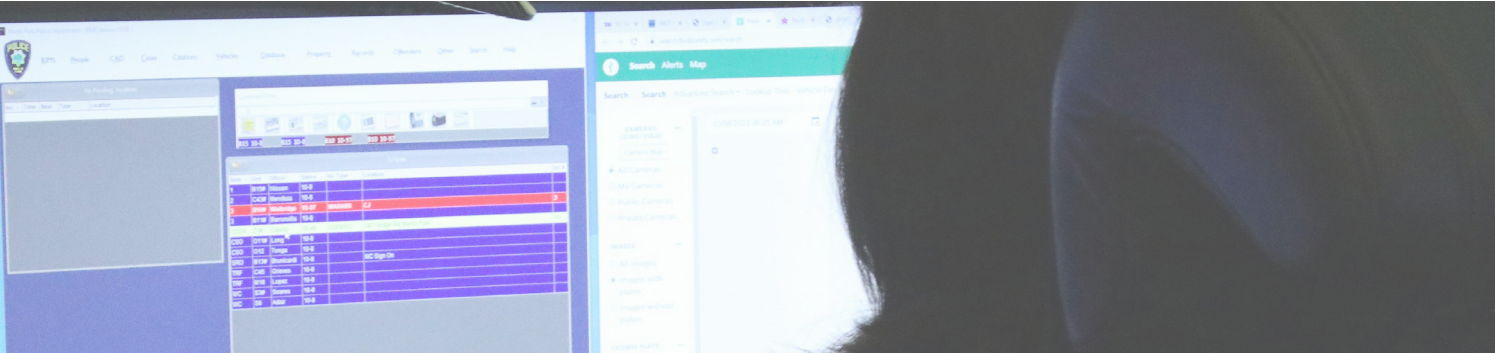
Total collisions	73
Total fatal collisions	0
Total injury collisions	34
Total injuries	45
DUI collisions	1

Q1 CITATION STATISTICS

Total moving violations	1,159
Stop sign violations	92
Cell phone violations	123



DISPATCH SERVICES



DISPATCH CALLS ANSWERED

The Communications Center is comprised of seven communications dispatchers, one senior communications dispatcher and is managed by the communications and records manager. Dispatchers work 12-hour shifts and provide the community with 24-hour service, seven days per week. Each dispatcher is trained and committed to assisting citizens. Dispatchers evaluate situations and dispatch officers when necessary, as well as refer callers to other city departments or public agencies.

2026 - QUARTER 1

ALL CALLS
8,255

911 CALLS
2,631

NON-EMERGENCY
CALLS
5,624

INCIDENTS
CREATED
8,045

DISPATCH CALLS ANSWERED - ANNUAL

YEAR	911 CALLS	NON-EMERGENCY CALLS	ALL CALLS
2021	9,205	34,432	43,637
2022	9,528	29,769	39,297
2023	9,475	27,185	36,656
2024	10,364	24,170	34,534
2025	10,701	24,471	35,172

INCIDENTS CREATED - ANNUAL

YEAR	NUMBER OF INCIDENTS
2021	28,114
2022	32,351
2023	31,896
2024	33,244
2025	33,793

YEAR	INCIDENTS PER DAY
2021	77
2022	87
2023	88
2024	91
2025	93



WHAT IS A 5150 HOLD?

A 5150 hold is a short-term, involuntary mental health evaluation used to keep someone safe during a crisis and connect them with care.

The Community Wellness and Crisis Response Team (CWCRT) prioritizes the safeguarding of life for all community members. The CWCRT is a collaborative co-response model approach to presently occurring behavioral crisis situations, acknowledging that optimal support for those in crisis results from a partnership between law enforcement and mental health professionals. To accomplish this, one Clinician is contracted to respond to behavioral crisis incidents along with sworn staff. The CWCRT is not intended to address long-term case management or in-depth care provision; instead, they are intended to assist with in-progress, current incidents. CWCRT Clinicians are shown to have an impact in reducing repeat 5150 holds according to Stanford University's [John W. Gardener Center](#).

GOALS:

- Reduce unnecessary arrests and hospitalizations
- Increase de-escalation and crisis resolution
- Provide timely, appropriate clinical intervention

ENHANCING POLICE RESPONSE THROUGH CLINICAL SUPPORT

MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS

- 5150 Assessments
- Emotional support
- Connection/referrals to resources/support
- Clinical interventions
- Follow up

HOMELESSNESS/SUBSTANCE ABUSE

- Connection to resources and support

CWCRT STATISTICS - Q1

ACTIVITY	
CWCRT TOTAL INCIDENTS	39
5150 EVALUATIONS	24
5150 HOLDS	15
VOLUNTARY EVALUATIONS	1
REPORTS WRITTEN	63
FOLLOW-UP CARE	11

QUARTERLY TRENDS

- Roughly two-thirds of mental health related calls result in a 5150 hold, showing that responding officers recognize when someone requires urgent mental health intervention.
- 14.3% of all 5150 holds involved veterans. This number is expected to increase with the opening of the Oak Gardens Housing Project on Willow Road.
- In approximately five percent of responses, CWCRT helped locate missing persons and connect individuals to appropriate treatment services.
- Approximately 43% of 5150 holds involved both mental health and substance use issues. This number is expected to rise as Senate Bill 43 is implemented in San Mateo County, since it broadens the criteria for substance use that qualifies as grave disability.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

COMMUNITY ACADEMY

On January 14, 2026, the department launched this year's version of our Adult Community Academy, a five-week program designed to educate community members about the many functions and responsibilities of the police department. Participants attend weekly sessions where department employees provide presentations and demonstrations on topics such as patrol operations, investigations, traffic enforcement, emergency response, dispatch services, and administrative functions.

In addition to increasing public awareness, the academy allows department employees to engage directly with residents in a collaborative and educational setting, helping build stronger partnerships and encouraging continued community involvement in public safety efforts.



CAR SEAT INSTALLATION EVENT

On January 25, 2026, the department sponsored a child safety seat installation event. The department offers 20-30 minute one-on-one sessions to ensure a car seat is appropriately sized for a child and correctly installed in the car. Certified child passenger safety technicians were available to assist and educate parents, guiding them on proper installation.



ADDITIONAL COMMUNITY EVENTS

On March 7, 2026, Chief Norris had the honor of throwing the first pitch on the opening day of Menlo Park's Little League.



February 22, 2026 - March 15, 2026
Diaper Drive

February 28, 2026
Mt. Olive Black History Month Event

March 28, 2026
Community Resource Fair

LEVERAGING TECHNOLOGY

AUTOMATED LICENSE PLATE READERS

Stationary Automatic License Plate Reader (ALPR) cameras, operated by Flock Safety, are being installed throughout the city. As of March 31, 2026, there are 32 operational cameras. Flock does not retain data beyond 30 days. The data for the previous 30 days of license plate reads, hotlist hits, and searches can be publicly accessed at any time by visiting the [Transparency Portal](#) on the Menlo Park Police Department website.

The department shares data with 242 California agencies.

There were 1,324,618 searches of department Flock data during the quarter, all following department regulations.

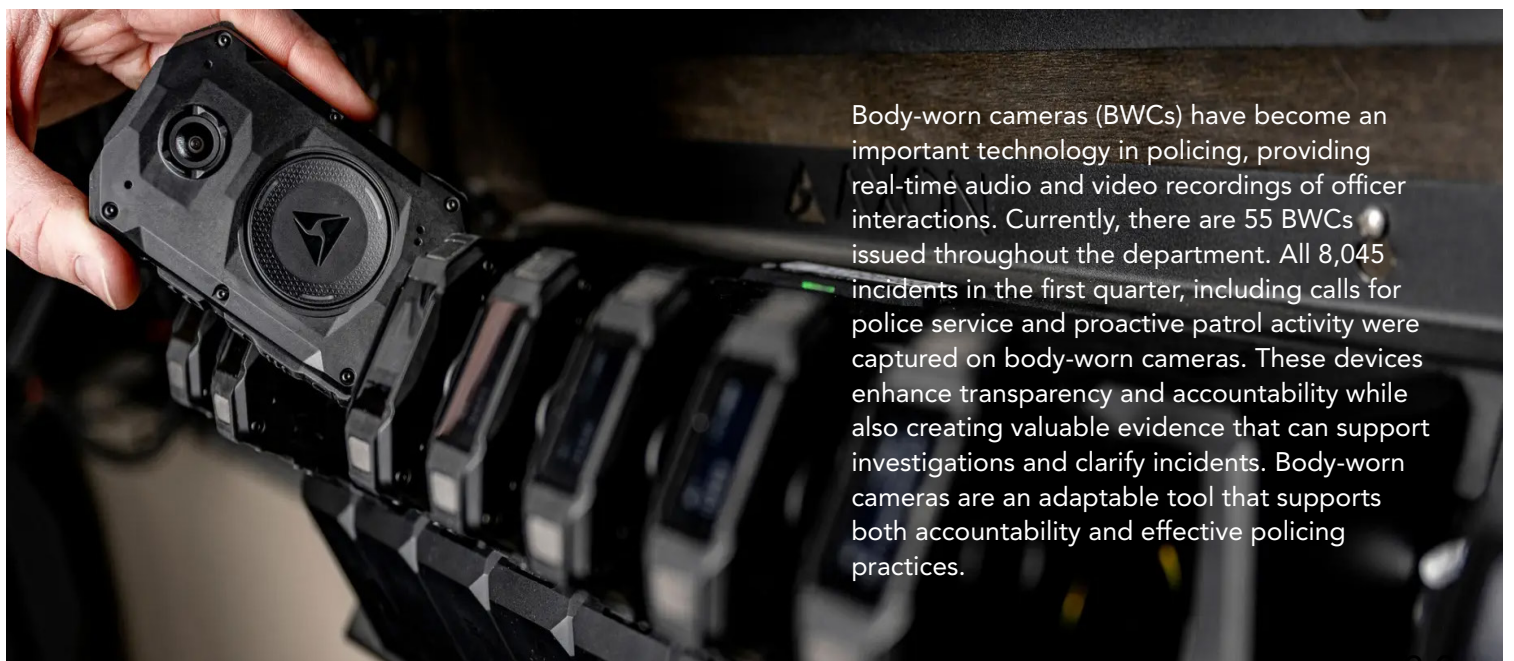


IN-CAR FLEET CAMERAS

In 2025, the department installed 33 in-car dash cameras. This technology helps ensure accountability by creating an objective record of events, which can be reviewed during internal investigations or court proceedings. Additionally, the presence of dash cameras can promote more professional behavior from both officers and members of the public during encounters. The recorded footage also serves as a valuable training tool, allowing departments to analyze real-life scenarios and improve procedures. The implementation of these cameras reflects a broader commitment to building public trust and improving policing practices.



BODY-WORN CAMERAS



Body-worn cameras (BWCs) have become an important technology in policing, providing real-time audio and video recordings of officer interactions. Currently, there are 55 BWCs issued throughout the department. All 8,045 incidents in the first quarter, including calls for police service and proactive patrol activity were captured on body-worn cameras. These devices enhance transparency and accountability while also creating valuable evidence that can support investigations and clarify incidents. Body-worn cameras are an adaptable tool that supports both accountability and effective policing practices.

CRIME REPORTING



CATEGORIES OF OFFENSES

There are two categories of offenses reported in NIBRS: Group A and Group B. It is important to determine the correct category because the reporting requirements differ. Group A offenses are used to report all incidents within a law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, while Group B offenses are used only to report arrest data.

GROUP A OFFENSES

Arson

Assault Offenses

- Aggravated Assault
- Simple Assault
- Intimidation

Bribery

Burglary

Counterfeiting/Forgery

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism

Drug/Narcotic Violations

Drug Equipment Violations

Embezzlement

Extortion/Blackmail

Fraud Offenses

- False Pretenses/Swindle
- Credit/Debit Card Fraud
- Impersonation
- Welfare Fraud
- Identity Theft
- Hacking/Computer Invasion

Gambling Offenses

- Betting/Wagering
- Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling
- Gaming Equipment
- Violations
- Sports Tampering

Homicide Offenses

- Murder and Nonnegligent

Manslaughter

- Negligent Manslaughter
- Justifiable Homicide (not a crime)

Human Trafficking Offenses

- Commercial Sex Acts
- Involuntary Servitude

Kidnapping/Abduction

Larceny-Theft Offenses

- Pocket-Picking/Purse Snatching
- Shoplifting

- Thefts from Building
- Theft from Coin-Operated Machine
- Theft from Motor Vehicle
- Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts
- All other Larceny

Motor Vehicle Theft

Pornography/Obscene Material

Prostitution Offenses

- Prostitution
- Assisting or Promoting Prostitution

Robbery

Sex Offenses

- Rape/Sodomy
- Sexual Assault with an Object
- Fondling

Stolen Property Offenses

Weapon Law Violations

Animal Cruelty

GROUP B OFFENSES

Bad Checks

Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy

Disorderly Conduct

Driving Under the Influence

Drunkenness

Family Offenses (nonviolent)

Liquor Law Violations

Peeping Tom

Trespass of Real Property

All Other Offenses

JANUARY - MARCH 2026 - SUMMARY CRIME REPORT

OFFENSE (GROUP A)	TOTALS
HOMICIDE	0
RAPE	1
ROBBERY	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	5
BURGLARY	14
LARCENY	62
STOLEN VEHICLE	11
ARSON	0

MISC CRIMES	TOTALS
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	7
OFFICER ASSAULT	0
HATE CRIME	268
CRIMES AGAINST SENIORS	2

*THE MISCELLANEOUS CRIMES CLASSIFICATIONS ABOVE REFER TO STATE MANDATED SPECIAL REPORTING GROUPS

CRIME REPORTING

2026 - SUMMARY CRIME REPORT

2026 Group A Offenses	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Total Group A Offenses	93	56	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	243
Total Person Crimes	13	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0										0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0										0
Justified Homicide	0	0	0										0
Aggravated Assault	3	1	1										5
Simple Assault	6	5	7										18
Intimidation	2	0	0										2
Human Trafficking Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0										0
Human Trafficking Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0										0
Kidnapping/False Imprisonment	1	0	0										1
Rape	0	0	1										1
Sodomy	0	0	0										0
Sexual Assault w/Object	0	0	0										0
Fondling	1	0	1										2
Incest	0	0	0										0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0										0
Total Property Crimes	49	38	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	143
Robbery	0	0	0										0
Burglary	8	3	3										14
Larceny	19	18	25										62
Vehicle Theft	3	1	4										8
Arson	0	0	0										0
Vandalism	7	6	9										22
Fraud	9	8	11										28
Bribery	0	0	0										0
Counterfeiting/Forgery	0	1	1										2
Embezzlement	0	0	0										0
Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0										0
Stolen Property	3	1	3										7
Total Society Crimes	31	12	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71
Drug/Narcotic Violations	18	8	12										38
Drug Equipment Violations	12	3	14										29
Weapon Law Violations	1	1	2										4
Animal Cruelty	0	0	0										0
Gambling	0	0	0										0
Pornography	0	0	0										0
Prostitution	0	0	0										0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0										0
Total Arrests	98	76	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	268
Adult Arrests	97	76	94										267
Juvenile Arrests	1	0	0										1
Miscellaneous Stats													
Moving/Equipment	120	225	235										580
Bicycle	0	0	0										0
City Ordinance/Other	155	282	300										737
ONP	0	0	441										441

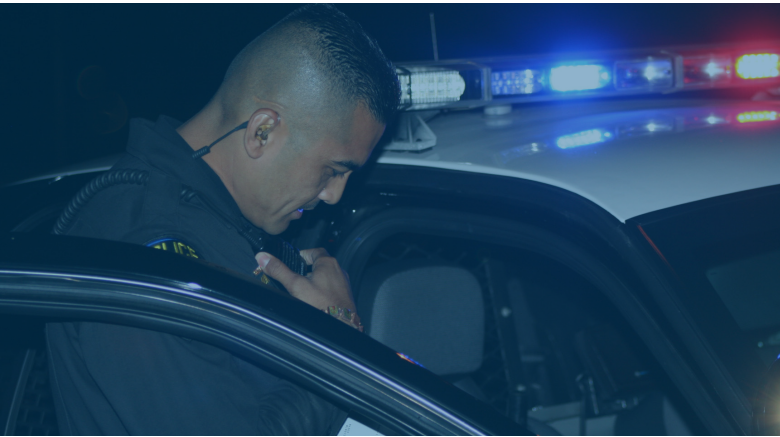
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CRIME REPORTING

2025 - SUMMARY CRIME REPORT

2025 Group A Offenses	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Total Group A Offenses	120	128	94	104	141	131	114	94	133	113	109	95	1376
Total Person Crimes	10	16	7	13	11	21	11	11	15	9	13	20	157
Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Justified Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2	6	4	6	1	5	3	4	2	3	5	4	45
Simple Assault	7	7	3	4	4	10	3	2	8	4	7	11	70
Intimidation	1	2	0	1	4	2	4	4	3	2	1	5	29
Human Trafficking Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Trafficking Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping/False Imprisonment	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Rape	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sodomy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Assault w/Object	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	9
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Property Crimes	79	82	60	69	74	68	51	56	77	73	62	53	804
Robbery	3	3	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	13
Burglary	6	6	1	4	5	5	3	12	5	5	7	8	67
Larceny	46	49	31	28	42	35	22	24	33	35	31	33	409
Vehicle Theft	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	2	2	4	3	29
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	3	3	10	7	5	7	5	6	10	5	5	2	68
Fraud	7	7	6	18	16	13	10	5	11	18	12	4	127
Bribery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting/Forgery	5	5	5	7	3	2	5	2	11	5	1	2	53
Embezzlement	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Stolen Property	6	6	4	2	0	3	3	1	4	2	1	1	33
Total Society Crimes	31	30	27	22	56	42	52	27	41	31	34	22	415
Drug/Narcotic Violations	15	15	15	10	29	24	26	16	19	15	18	12	214
Drug Equipment Violations	12	12	11	11	25	18	25	9	18	14	16	9	180
Weapon Law Violations	2	2	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	13
Animal Cruelty	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pornography	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	6
Prostitution	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total Arrests	86	67	85	97	107	113	116	90	115	120	87	91	1174
Adult Arrests	85	67	85	95	107	113	114	89	115	119	87	91	1167
Juvenile Arrests	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	7
Miscellaneous Stats													
Moving/Equipment	263	215	178	302	252	224	209	187	187	275	176	136	2604
Bicycle	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	3
City Ordinance/Other	200	226	304	183	190	245	277	336	248	305	158	312	2984
ONP	203	312	506	266	238	1037	964	999	741	829	349	481	6925

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Racial and Identity Profiling Act (RIPA) California Assembly Bill 953

OVERVIEW:

In 2015, the State of California passed Assembly Bill No. 953 (AB 953), otherwise known as the Racial and Identity Profiling Act (RIPA). AB 953, hereafter referred to simply as RIPA, requires that law enforcement agencies in the state of California collect perceived demographic data from specified police contacts.

This data, referred to by RIPA as “stop data,” is to be collected in accordance with the California Code of Regulations and submitted to the Department of Justice on a yearly basis.

As outlined by the California Code of Regulations (11 CCR § 999.224), RIPA stop data must be collected during police contacts matching either of the following criteria: *“(1) Any detention ... by a peace officer of a person; or (2) any peace officer interaction with a person in which the officer conducts a search...”*

Specified data fields for each RIPA stop must be completed at the end of every qualifying contact and certain data collected is based on the officer’s perception. Therefore, it is important to note that the way an officer perceives any given individual might differ from the way that individual identifies themselves.

The collection requirement of this statute was implemented in waves, with each wave having a staggered commencement date based on agency size. Larger agencies in the state began collecting stop data as early as 2018. As a smaller-size agency, Menlo Park Police Department began collecting stop data for RIPA on January 1, 2022 and regularly uploading the data to the Department of Justice shortly thereafter.

The Menlo Park Police Department welcomes the opportunity to use this data to continuously maintain and improve upon our longstanding core values, and providing the people of Menlo Park a transparent overview of each year’s RIPA data and utilizing that data to continuously monitor our work and engage in meaningful conversations with our Community. The following report has been compiled using Menlo Park Police Department RIPA stop data from the period of January 1, 2026, to March 31, 2026.

METHODOLOGY:

The information presented in the RIPA section of this report is representative of the 2025 statistical data gathered from the work of on-duty Menlo Park Police Officers. This data includes all stop data reported by our police officers. While about 93% of these stops typically occur within the City of Menlo Park, our jagged boundaries result in occasional stops in adjoining jurisdictions, including Atherton, East Palo Alto, and Unincorporated San Mateo County.

Officers report the following for “perceived characteristics” for each person stopped:

- Perceived Race or Ethnicity of Person Stopped
- Perceived Gender of Person Stopped
- Person Stopped Perceived to be LGBT
- Perceived Age of Person Stopped
- Person Stopped Has Limited or No English Fluency
- Perceived or Known Disability of Person Stopped

Specific officer actions are also tracked if the individual meets the stop requirements of RIPA. These include:

- Reason for stop
- Result of the stop
- Actions taken during the stop

It is important to note that this data collection establishes a firm baseline for exploring these questions and serves as an excellent point of reference for future professional policing efforts.

REFERENCE MATERIALS SUPPLEMENTAL TO REVIEW OF COLLECTED DATA:

- Link for the [DOJ Data Portal](#)
- NOTE – Various state reports on this site include accumulated annual RIPA data aggregated by year up to 2021, and will not yet include Menlo Park PD Data from 2024
- Link to [2026 RIPA Board Annual Report](#)
- Link to [Menlo Park PD Open Data - Current](#)
- Link to [MPPD Lexipol Policy Manual](#) Bias-Based Policing Policy and RIPA Policy 402 (p. 314)
- This includes section 402.4.2 "REPORTING OF STOPS" and 402.7 "REPORTING TO CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE"
- Link to the [2020-21 San Mateo County Civil Grand Jury's Report](#) - "BUILDING GREATER TRUST BETWEEN THE COMMUNITY & LAW ENFORCEMENT VIA THE RACIAL AND IDENTITY PROFILING ACT"

DEMOGRAPHICS REFERENCE:

- [City of Menlo Park](#)
- [San Mateo County](#)
- [9 SF Bay Area Counties](#)
- [State of California](#)

TOTAL STOPS
1,696

OFFICER INITIATED
ACTIVITY
1,627

CALLS FOR SERVICE
RESULTING IN STOPS
69

REASON FOR STOP

Consensual encounter resulting in search	19
Determine if student violated school property	0
Investigation to determine if the person is a truant	0
Knowledge of outstanding arrest warrant/wanted person	14
Known to be on parole/probation/PRCS/mandatory supervision	7
Possible conduct warranting discipline under Education Code	0
Reasonable suspicion that the person was engaged in criminal activity	65
Traffic violation	1,554

NON-FORCE ACTIONS TAKEN DURING STOP

Asked for consent to search a person	32
Asked for consent to search property	35
Asked for identification of stopped person's passenger	6
Asked whether the person is on parole, probation, Postrelease Community Supervision (PRCS), or other mandatory supervision	14
Canine used to search for, locate, and/or detect contraband	1
Curbside detention	23
Field sobriety test conducted	22
Frisk/pat search of the person's outer clothing was conducted	29
None	1,541
Patrol car detention	30
Person photographed	20
Person removed from vehicle by order	18
Property was seized	37
Ran name of stopped person's passenger	4
Search of person was conducted	97
Search of property was conducted	76
Vehicle impounded	3

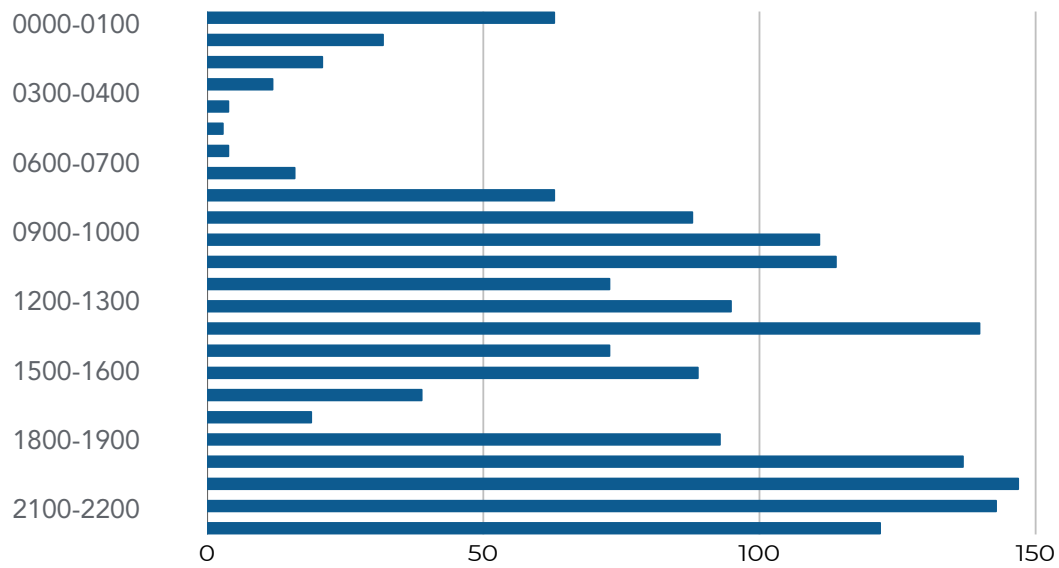
FORCE ACTIONS TAKEN DURING STOP

Baton or other impact weapon drawn	0
Baton or other impact weapon used	0
Chemical spray used (e.g., pepper spray, mace)	0
Electronic control device pointed at person or sparked	1
Electronic control device used in dart-mode	0
Electronic control device used in drive-stun mode	0
Firearm discharged	0
Firearm pointed at person	2
Firearm unholstered	2
Handcuffed or flex cuffed	79
Impact projectile discharged or used (e.g., rubber bullets)	0
Impact projectile weapon pointed at person	0
None	1,615
Officer's canine bit or held a person	0
Officers canine removed from vehicle or used to search	0
Person removed from vehicle by physical contact	4
Physical compliance tactics and techniques	2
Use of vehicle in apprehension of stopped person	0

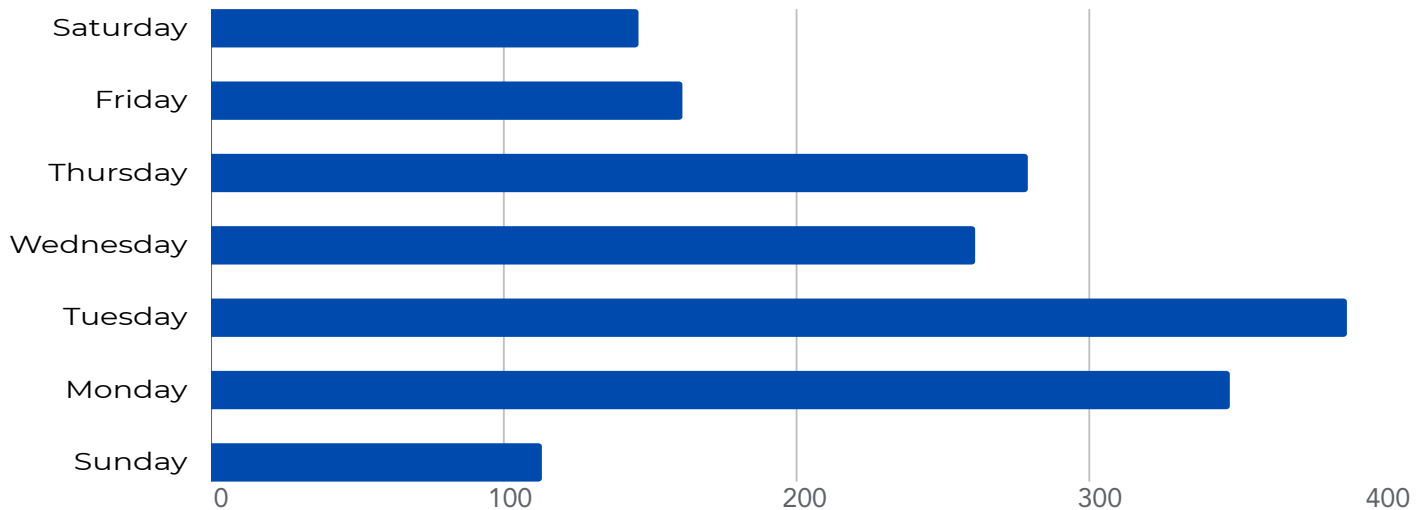
RESULT OF STOP

Citation for infraction	661
Contacted parent/legal guardian or other person responsible for the minor	2
Contacted the U.S. Department of Homeland Security	0
Custodial arrest pursuant to outstanding warrant	23
Custodial arrest without warrant	42
Field interview card completed	14
In-field cite and release	64
No action	192
Noncriminal transport for caretaking	3
Psychiatric hold	24
Referral to school administrator	0
Referral to school counselor or other support staff	0
Warning (verbal or written)	752

STOPS BY TIME OF DAY



STOPS BY DAY OF WEEK



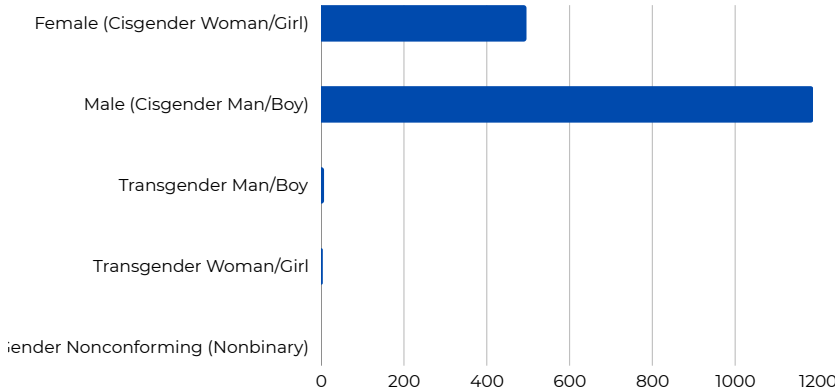
PERCEIVED GENDER

As defined in RIPA Regulations

“Transgender man/boy” means a person who was assigned female at birth but who currently identifies as a man, or boy if the person is a minor.

“Transgender woman/girl” means a person who was assigned male at birth but who currently identifies as a woman, or girl if the person is a minor.

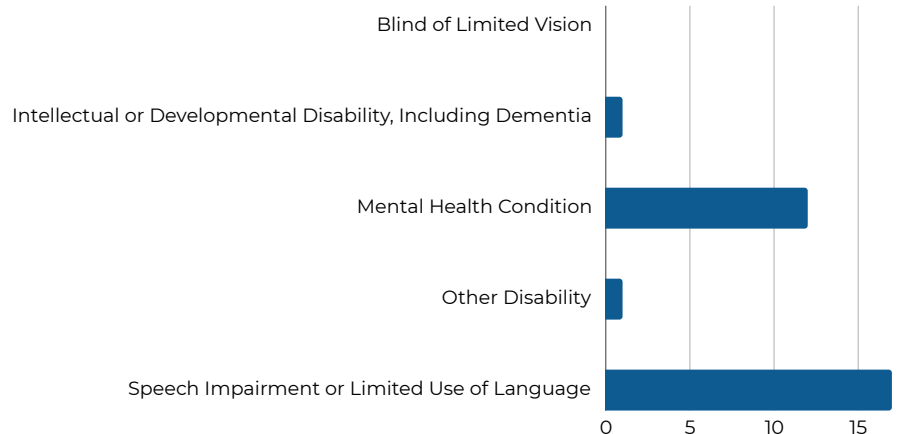
“Gender nonconforming” means a person whose gender-related appearance, behavior, or both, differ from traditional conceptions about how males or females typically look or behave. A person of any gender or gender identity may be gender nonconforming. For this reason, an officer may select “Gender nonconforming” in addition to any of the other gender data values, if applicable.



Female (Cisgender Woman/Girl)	496
Male (Cisgender Man/Boy)	1,189
Transgender Man/Boy	7
Transgender Woman/Girl	4
Gender Nonconforming (Nonbinary)	0

PERCEIVED DISABILITY

Blind or Limited Vision	0
Intellectual or Developmental Disability, Including Dementia	1
Mental Health Condition	12
Other Disability	1
Speech Impairment or Limited Use of Language	17



It should be noted that for 1,696 contacts, there were no perceived disabilities.

As defined in RIPA Regulations – More than one option can be chosen

“Asian” refers to a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East or Southeast Asia, including for example, Cambodia, China, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam, but who does not fall within the definition of “Middle Eastern or South Asian” or “Pacific Islander.”

“Black/African American” Refers to a person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa.

“Hispanic/Latino” refers to a person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

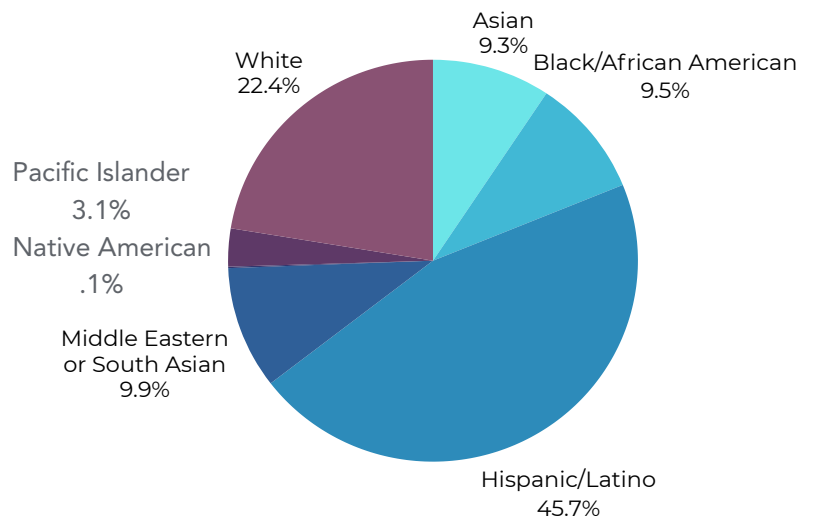
“Middle Eastern or South Asian” refers to a person of Arabic, Israeli, Iranian, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Sri Lankan, Nepali, Bhutanese, Maldivian, or Afghan origin.

“Native America” refers to a person having origins in any of the original peoples of North, Central, and South American.

“Pacific Islander” refers to a person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guan, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands, but who does not fall within the definition of “Middle Eastern or South Asian” or “Asian.”

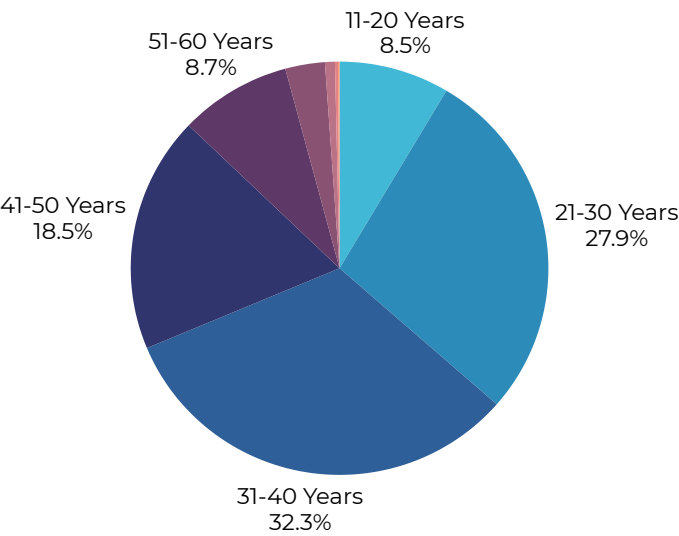
“White” refers to a person of Caucasian descent having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe and Eastern Europe.

Asian	162
Black/African American	165
Hispanic/Latino	793
Middle Eastern or South Asian	171
Native American	2
Pacific Islander	53
White	389



PERCEIVED AGE

0-10 Years	0
11-20 Years	145
21-30 Years	473
31-40 Years	547
41-50 Years	313
51-60 Years	147
61-70 Years	52
71-80 Years	13
81-90 Years	4
90 Years or Older	2





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Building
a **Safe** Community

Page H-3.21